Pancreatic Cancer: Optimizing Nutrition

March 19, 2018

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PANCREATIC CANCER

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PANCREATIC CANCER: OPTIMIZING NUTRITION

MARCH 19, 2018



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PROVEN BENEFITS OF NUTRITION

"Nutrition intervention improves outcomes in patients with cancer cachexia receiving chemotherapy."

- Nutrition counselling by a dietitian
- Prescription of oral nutritional supplements

Bauer JD, Capra S. Support Care Cancer. 2005 Apr;13(4):270-4.

PROVEN BENEFITS OF NUTRITION

Results after 8 weeks:

- 1 dietary intake
- 1 nutrition status
- 🕇 physical functioning
- 1 quality of life
- 🕇 trends in weight and muscle mass



NUTRITION THERAPY GOALS

- Prevent or reverse poor nutrition
- Maintain dose and schedule of cancer treatments

DIET AND NUTRITION

- Manage symptoms
- Maintain or improve weight and strength
- Maximize quality of life
- Recover from surgery and go on to postop therapy as appropriate



- Produce enzymes to help digest food to be transported in blood stream.
- Produce insulin to help transfer glucose from the blood to the cells where it is used for energy.









OUTLINE

- Pancreatic exocrine insufficiency
- Symptom management
- What to eat
- Long-term nutrition considerations

PANCREATIC ENZYMES



SYMPTOMS OF PANCREATIC EXOCRINE INSUFFICIENCY

- Feelings of indigestion
- Cramping after meals
- Large amounts of gas
- Foul smelling gas or stools
- Floating stools or greasy/fatty stools
- Frequent stools
- Loose stools/diarrhea
- Unexplained weight loss





HOW TO OPTIMIZE ENZYMES:

- Take at the beginning and throughout the meal/snack
- Troubleshooting may include adjustments to timing
- Don't take at the same time as antacids or iron supplements
- If prescribed by your doctor, take acid reducing medication daily.

THE RIGHT ENZYME AND HOW MUCH TO TAKE

• Find the brand and the dose that works for you and stick with it.

• Start:

- Meals: 20,000-40,000 units of lipase per meal
- Snacks: 10,000-20,000 units of lipase per snack

Current Brands Available by Prescription	
- Creon	- Pancreaze
- Pertzye	- Viokase
- Zenpep	

ENZYME DOSAGE: TITRATION

- Increase until pancreatic insufficiency symptoms are minimized/eliminated
- Maximum: 2500 units of lipase per kilogram per meal (or 10000 units of lipase per kilogram per day)

WHAT DOES THAT REALLY MEAN?

• 60 kg (130 lb) woman

• Max daily dose = weight x 10,000 L.U.

60 x 10000 = 600,000 lipase units/day =

48 capsules Creon 12,000

Or 60 capsules Zenpep 10,000

PANCREATIC ENZYMES: SIDE EFFECTS OF TOO MANY

- Constipation (most common)
- Nausea
- Abdominal Cramps
- Diarrhea

Careful not to confuse with symptoms of inadequate enzyme use or chemotherapy or radiation treatment.

ENZYME RESOURCES

- Needy Meds
 www.needymeds.org
- Partnership for Prescription Assistance
 <u>www.pparx.org</u>
- GoodRx
 <u>www.goodrx.com</u>

Social Security Extra Help program

SYMPTOM MANAGEMENT

COMMON SIDE EFFECTS

- Poor appetite
- Early satiety
- Nausea and/or vomiting
- Taste Changes
- Diarrhea
 - Lactose Intolerance
 - Dumping syndrome *
- Constipation
- Excessive gas
- Diabetes

* More common with surgery

GENERAL NUTRITION TIPS

- Eat small frequent meals (6-8/day)
- Plan meals/snacks the day before
- Get plenty of fluids
- Limit use/portions of fat containing foods
- Choose nutrient dense foods
- Be active

PROTEIN

- Poultry, fish, meat
- Beans, peas, lentils
- Nuts and seeds
- Eggs
- Yogurt, milk, cheese
- Vegetarian alternatives: soy milk, tofu, veggie burgers, protein powders, etc.

COMPLEX CARBOHYDRATE

- Bread, pasta, rice, cereal, etc
- Fruits
- Vegetables
- Dairy products

FAT (AS TOLERATED)

- Nuts and seeds
- Avocado
- Olives
- Oil: canola, olive, peanut

NUTRITION STRATEGIES

POOR APPETITE

- Eat small amounts frequently
- Schedule meals/snacks
- Use liquid calories
- Light activity
- May benefit from medication





- Alleviate gas and bloating
- Liquids between meals
- Small servings, more often
- Limit high fat or fried foods
- High fiber foods may be problematic
- Medications

NAUSEA/VOMITING

- Medication
- Eliminate offending odors
- Dry crackers/toast
- Avoid overly sweet, greasy/fried, or highly spiced foods
- Use room temp foods
- Oral care
- Eliminate stress

TASTE CHANGES

- Rinse mouth
- Metallic taste: use plastic utensils and serving ware
- Enhance dull taste use tart flavors
- Try new foods or foods previously disliked

DIARRHEA

- Work closely with medical team (multiple causes of diarrhea):
 - Treatment Induced
 - Lactose Intolerance
 - Bacterial Overgrowth
 - Pancreatic/Digestive Insufficiency
 - Dumping syndrome (after Whipple or gastric bypass)

NUTRITION THERAPY FOR DIARRHEA (INDEPENDENT OF CAUSE)

Limit or avoid:

- Lactose (or add lactase)
- Insoluble fiber
- Foods sweetened with sugar alcohol
- Sugar sweetened beverages

Increase:

- Soluble fiber
- Fluids

LACTOSE INTOLERANCE

- May be temporary
- May be able to tolerate low lactose foods
- Provide lactase enzymes prior to a meal—avoid limiting diet

DUMPING: SYMPTOMS

- Flushing
- Sweating
- Feeling of low blood sugar
- Loose BM

Generally occur within 2 hours of eating.

DUMPING

- Limit portion sizes
- Drink liquids between meals
- Avoid foods high in sugar
- Avoid hot liquids
- Add soluble fiber

CONSTIPATION

- Bowel regimen may be warranted
- Hot fluids
- Include high fiber foods
- Limit gas forming foods, carbonated beverages, straws, chewing gum

EXCESSIVE GAS

- Optimize pancreatic enzymes
- Use simethicone (Gas-X) liberally
- Avoid gas-producing foods:
 - Broccoli, cauliflower, cabbage
 - Onions
 - Beans
 - Carbonated beverages (beer, soda)
- Avoid chewing gum
- Avoid drinking through straws
- Consider Bean-O

GLUCOSE INTOLERANCE/DIABETES

- Medication
- Customize diet
- Limit refined carbohydrates
- Eat carbs in combination with protein, fiber, and fats

After treatment/surgery complete:

- Carbohydrate controlled diet
- Use high fiber carb foods as tolerated



LOOKING AHEAD-NUTRITION AND SURVIVORSHIP



AICR GUIDELINES FOR CANCER SURVIVORSHIP

-Be lean but not underweight

-Physically active 30 minutes a day

-Avoid sugary drinks and limit consumption of energy dense foods (high in sugar, low in fiber, and high in fat)

-Variety of fruits, vegetables and whole grains, legumes -Limit consumption of red meat and processed meats -Limit alcohol

-Limit salty foods or processed foods high in salt -Do not rely on supplements to protect against cancer

FOLLOWING A PLANT-BASED DIET WITH AN ALTERED GI TRACT

- With frequent or loose stools:
 - Peeled and well cooked vegetables and fruits
 - Juicing may be alternate way to get some benefits of raw vegetables and fruits
 - start with $\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ cup per day for a week, gradually increase from there
 - ¹/₂ cup juice = one vegetable or fruit serving
 - use more vegetables than fruits
- Include whole grains such as oats and barley (more soluble fiber and may be better tolerated)
- Smooth/creamy nut butters as alternative for nuts
- Choose healthy fats
 - Include fish in the diet
 - Eat small amounts of added fats spread through the day 1-2 tsp olive/canola oil per meal/snack

 - Take extra enzymes as needed

MAINTAIN OPTIMAL NUTRITIONAL STATUS

- Set goal weight
- Daily MVI and mineral supplement
- For Bone Health: Calcium 500-1000mg/D and Vitamin D at 600-1000IU/D as warranted
- Ongoing monitoring of fat malabsorption
- May need acid reducing medication
- Manage Diabetes Mellitus
 - Diabetes Educator for comprehensive teaching

MONITORING FOR VITAMIN AND MINERAL DEFICIENCIES

- Vitamin B12
- Iron
- Ferritin
- Vitamin D or 250HD



- If suspect severe malnutrition or malabsorption, may check Vitamins E, A, K, as well as zinc, copper and selenium
- Bone mineral density





MISCONCEPTIONS AND RISKS

• "Pose no risk to the general population" and

"rarely or never harmed by supplements"

- "More is better"
- "Natural or Standardized"
- Quality concerns may be challenging
- False claims
- Other concerns-surgical or procedural complications

SUPPLEMENTS

- Know what you are taking
- Let your team know
 - Concerns:
 - Interaction with other medications, nutrients, treatment
 - Safety
 - Efficacy
 - Side effects

SUPPLEMENT RESOURCES

ConsumerLab: independent product testing

www.consumerlab.com

 The National Institutes of Health Office of Dietary Supplements-

http://dietary-supplements.info.nih.gov

• Memorial Sloan Kettering Cancer Center Website

www.mskcc.org/cancer-care/integrative-medicine

• National Center for Complementary and Alternative Medicine

www.nccam.nih.gov/

• U.S. Pharmacopeial Convention

http://www.usp.org/dietary-supplements/overview

FINDING A DIETITIAN

- How to Find a Registered Dietitian:
 - Request a consult at your cancer center
 - Commission on Dietetic Registration
 - Search: Board Certified Specialists in Oncology Nutrition List by State-

www.cdrnet.org

- Contact the Pancreatic Cancer Action Network
- Contact The Academy of Nutrition and Dietetics www.eatright.org

COOKBOOKS/RESOURCES

- What to Eat During Cancer Treatment: 100 Great-Tasting, Family-Friendly <u>Recipes to Help You Cope</u> (2009) by Jeanne Besser
- <u>The Cancer-fighting Kitchen: Nourishing, Big-Flavor Recipes for Cancer</u> <u>Treatment and Recovery</u> (2009) by Rebecca Katz
- One Bite at a Time (2009) by Rebecca Katz
- The New American Plate Cookbook: Recipes for a Healthy Weight and a <u>Healthy Life</u> (2005) by The American Institute for Cancer Research

Online:

- American Institute of Cancer Research/www.AICR.org
- PanCAN: Cooking. Comfort. Care/www.pancan.org/facingpancreatic-cancer/living-with-pancreatic-cancer/diet-andnutrition/cooking-comfort-care/
- Cook for Your Life https://www.cookforyourlife.org





Thank you for your participation.

If you have questions, please contact Patient Central at 877-2-PANCAN or e-mail patientcentral@pancan.org.

www.pancan.org

